

# Missing digits

These number sentences can be completed by putting a digit (**not 0**) in an empty box.

**Example:**  $\boxed{1} \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{3} = \boxed{2} \boxed{5}$

The missing digits are **2 1** because  $12 + 13 = 25$

- Complete these number sentences:

$$\boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{7} = \boxed{1} \boxed{9}$$

$$\boxed{9} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{\phantom{0}} = \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{8}$$

$$\boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{6} = \boxed{3} \boxed{0}$$

$$\boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{7} \boxed{0} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{1} = \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{0}$$

- In this number sentence one number is twice as big as the number being added to it.

$$\boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} = \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{8}$$

- In this number sentence one number is three times greater than the other number being added to it.

$$\boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{7} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} = \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{6}$$